BAPU COMPOSITE PRE-UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

Triveni Road, Yeshwanthpur, B'lore-22

II PUC, INDIAN HISTORY

Subject Code: 21

Time: 3:15 Minutes *Model paper-1, {ANCIENT PERIOD}* Max. Marks: 80 **Note:** i) write sl.nos. Of questions correctly and neatly. ii) Visually challenged students need to answer Q.No.36 'B' instead of Map Q.No.36 'A' in Part-D. iii) Answer the questions according to the instructions given for the questions. **PART-A** T. Chose and write the Correct Answer from the given: 5x1=51. The word 'India' is derived from the language. a. Sanskrit b. Greek d. Arabic. c. French 2. The important diety of Indus people. a. Mother Goddess b. Saraswathi Goddess c. Laxmi Goddess d. Durga goddess. 3. The 'Kshetra' means a. Cultivated land b. Gifted land c. Barren land d. Agricultural land 4. The greatest ruler of the Kushanas. a. Kadphisis b. Kanishka c. Vema Kadphisis d. Vasumitra 5. The Buddhist Council at Prayag was held in a. 600 C.E. b. 643 C.E. c. 949 C.E d. 1000 C.E II. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answer given: 5x1=5{ Dhanvanthri, Babar, Kulapathi, , Iron, The mound of the Dead, Pampa } 6was the first metal used by man in South India, 7. The word Mohenjodaro means..... in Sindhi language. 8.was the head of the family during Vedic Period. 9.was regarded as the father of Indian Medicine. 10.is famous as 'Adhi Kavi' III. 11. Match the following: 5x1=5a. Pliny Arthashasthra b. Parshvanatha Chinese General Rajarajeshwara Temple. c. Kautilya 23rd Thirthankara d. Pan-Chao e. Raja Raja bChola Natural Historia The Doctrine of Lapse. 5x1=5IV. Answer the following questions in One Word or One Sentence each: 12. Name the stone used by Paloeolithic man? 13. Where was the Great Bath of Indus valley Civilization located? 14. What was considered as wealth by the Aryans? 15. Who influenced Kanishka to embrace Buddhism? 16. What was the Royal Emblem of the Hoysalas?

Total Questions: 36

PART-B

V. Answer any EIGHT of the following question in 2-3 sentences each: 8x2=1617. Name any two Universities of ancient India. 18. Mention any two exports of the Indus people. 19. Name any two learned women of the Vedic period. 20. Who were the parents of Vardhamana? 21. Name the important architectural centres of the Sathavahanas. 22. Write any measures of Kanishka for the spread of Buddhism. 23. Who was Fa-hien? Why did he come to India? 24. Name the famous works of the Sangam Age. 25. Name any two titles of Pulikeshi-II 26. Who started 'Vikrama Era' and when? PART-C VI. Answer any TWO of the following question in 15-20 sentences each: 2x5=1027. 'Unity in Diversity is the unique feature of Indian history' Explain. 28. Describe the village administration of the Cholas. 29. Describe the achievements of Harshavardhana. 30. Explain the main features of Hoysala Architectures. **PART-D** VII. Answer any TWO of the following 30-40 Sentences each: 2x10=2031. Sketch the life and teachings of Buddha. 32. Explain the life and achievements of Ashoka. 33. Why is Gupta age called 'The Golden Age' in Indian history? 34. Describe the Cultural contributions of Rashtrakutas. **PART-E** VIII. 35. Arrange the following in chronological order 4x1=41. Establishment of Archaeological Department of India. 2. Birth of Vardhamana Mahaveera 3. Prayag Buddhist Council. 4. Establishment of Gupta Era. XI. Answer the following questions as Indicated. 36. (A) Mark any **Five** of the Following Historical Places on the outline map of Indian provided to you and add an explanatory notes in two sentences each: 5+5=101) Harappa 2) Pataliputra 3) Badami 4) Kanchi 5) Bijapura 6) Halebeedu 7) Takshashila 8) Srirangapattana. (FOR VISUALLY CHALLENGRD STUDENTS ONLY) 1x10=1036. B. Answer the Following Questions in 30 – 40 Sentences:

Enumerate briefly the sailent features of Indus Civilization.

Describe the achivements of Pulikeshi-II